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Serial No. 10/822,374  
Docket No. NEC WNZ-2665  
Amendment B Under Rule 116**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

Please amend claim 4, as shown below.

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

**Claim 1 (previously presented):** A reproduced signal equalizing method for optical information media in which reproduced signals obtained by irradiating laser light to an optical information medium are equalized so as to bring a waveform thereof close to a waveform having a predetermined characteristic, the method comprising the steps of:

- sampling reproduced signals in a predetermined cycle;
- calculating an equalization coefficient for producing a smallest difference between a target waveform and an equalized waveform by the least square technique by using 3000 or more of sampled waveform data; and
- equalizing reproduced signals by using the calculated equalization coefficient.

**Claim 2 (cancelled).**

**Claim 3 (previously presented):** A reproduced signal equalizing method for optical information media according to claim 1, the method further comprising the steps of:

- inputting the reproduced signals sampled in the predetermined cycle to a Viterbi decoder; and

- defining said target waveform as a waveform based on binarized data demodulated by the Viterbi decoder and a partial response waveform.

**Claim 4 (currently amended):** A reproduced signal equalizing method for optical information media according to claim 3, wherein a partial response value  $[(1,2,2,1)]$  is used as the partial response waveform.

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Serial No. 10/822,374  
Docket No. NEC WNZ-2665  
Amendment B Under Rule 116

**Claim 5 (original):** An optical information reproducing apparatus having a function for equalizing reproduced signals by using a reproduced signals equalizing method according to claim 1.

**Claim 6 (original):** A signal quality evaluating method, comprising the steps of:  
equalizing reproduced signals by using a reproduced signal equalizing method according to Claim 1; and  
evaluating quality of the reproduced signals from the equalized reproduced signals and binary identification data.

**Claim 7 (original):** A writing condition adjusting method, wherein a recording condition is adjusted based on an evaluation result of a signal quality evaluation method according to claim 6.

**Claim 8 (previously presented):** A reproduced signal equalizing method for optical information media in which reproduced signals obtained by irradiating laser light to an optical information medium are equalized so as to bring a waveform thereof close to a waveform having a predetermined characteristic, the method comprising the steps of, in order to read out information recorded on the optical information medium:

equalizing 3000 or more of samples of the reproduced signals by using a predetermined initial filter coefficient and generating a first equalized signal;  
identifying the first equalized signal by using a Viterbi decoder and obtaining a provisional identification result therefrom;  
generating a target signal from the provisional identification result and a predetermined partial response waveform;  
calculating a filter coefficient for producing a small difference between the target signal and the reproduced signals about the predetermined number of samples;

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equalizing the reproduced signals by using the calculated filter coefficient and  
generating a second equalized signal; and

identifying the second equalized signal by using the Viterbi decoder.

**Claim 9 (previously presented):** A reproduced signal equalizing method for optical  
information media according to claim 8, wherein the number of samples is selected from  
3,000 to 10,000.

**Claim 10 (previously presented):** A reproduced signal equalizing method for optical  
information media in which reproduced signals obtained by irradiating laser light to an  
optical information medium are equalized so as to bring a waveform thereof close to a  
waveform having a predetermined characteristic, the method comprising the steps of, in  
order to calculate an equalization coefficient for an equalizer used for reproducing binary  
signals recorded on the optical recording medium:

equalizing 3000 or more samples of the reproduced signals by using a  
predetermined initial equalization coefficient and generating a first equalized signal;  
identifying the first equalized signal by using a Viterbi decoder and obtaining a  
provisional identification result therefrom;

generating a target signal from the provisional identification result and a  
predetermined partial response waveform; and

calculating an equalization coefficient for producing a small difference between the  
target signal and the reproduced signals about the predetermined number of samples.

**Claim 11 (previously presented):** A reproduced signal equalizing method for optical  
information media according to Claim 10, wherein the number of samples is selected from  
3,000 to 10,000.

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